

ment in the penitentiary for not less than eighteen months nor more than twenty-one years.

Receiving Stolen Goods, Money or Securities.

P. G. L., (1860,) art. 30, sec. 163. 1809, ch. 138, sec. 6.

234. Every person who shall be convicted of the crime of receiving any stolen money, goods or chattels, knowing the same to be stolen, or of the crime of receiving any bond, bill obligatory, or bill of exchange, promissory note for the payment of money, bank note, paper bill of credit, certificate granted by or under the authority of this State, or of the United States, or any of them, knowing the same to be stolen, shall restore such money, goods or chattels, or thing taken and received, to the owner thereof, or make restitution to the value of the whole, or such part as shall not be restored, and shall undergo a confinement in the penitentiary for not less than eighteen months nor more than ten years; and such receiver may be prosecuted and punished, although the principal offenders shall not have been convicted.

Isaacs v. State, 23 Md. 410. *Kearney v. State*, 48 Md. 16. *State v. Hodges*, 55 Md. 136.

Religious Meetings.

P. G. L., (1860,) art. 30, sec. 164. 1725, ch. 6. 1747, ch. 17. 1824, ch. 53, secs. 1-2. 1839, ch. 32, sec. 1. 1844, ch. 173. 1846, ch. 145.

235. If any person shall erect, place or have any booth, stall, tent, carriage, boat, vessel or other vehicle or contrivance whatever, for the purpose or use of selling, giving or otherwise disposing of any kind of spirituous or fermented liquors, or any other articles of traffic, or shall sell, give, barter or otherwise dispose of any spirituous or fermented liquors, or any other articles of traffic within two miles of any camp-meeting, or other place of religious worship, during the time of holding any meeting for religious worship at such place, such person, on conviction before a justice of the peace, for the first offence shall be fined not less than five nor more than twenty dollars, and stand committed to jail until the fine and costs are paid; and for the second offence shall be fined as aforesaid, and be imprisoned not less than ten nor more than thirty days.